Subject No. 59. Extension of time for applications to set aside sales under Civil Court decrees.

Summary of discussion.—The period of one month now allowed to parties seeking to set aside, on the ground of irregularity sales held under decrees of Civil Courts is insufficient, and the party sustaining loss is not allowed any remedy after the expiry of this period. Moreover, the period allowed to an absent party to present an application subsequent to an act of fraud coming to his knowledge, is also insufficient. The extension of the period to six months is requested.

Reply of Government.—The proposed extension of time does not commend itself to Government.

Subject No. 60. Advocates' and Pleaders' fees in Original Suits.

Summary of discussion.—There is no minimum fee fixed for Pleaders and Advocates in Original Cases as in Small Causes, the result being that even a few annas are now awarded in contested Original Cases, whereas there is a minimum fee of Rs. 2 in Small Cause Cases.

The scale of Lawyers' fees may be revised, and the old scale restored.

Reply of Government.—Referred to the Chief Court.

Subject No. 61. Increasing the pay of Munsiffs.

Summary of discussion.—The pay of Munsiffs may be raised, their jurisdiction having been increased.

Reply of Government.—Under consideration.

Subject No 62. Sales by Civil Courts.

Summary of discussion.—Sales by Civil Courts may be ordered to be cancelled, if the judgment-debtor pays the decree amount into Court within a month of the sale.

Reply of Government.—This will be referred to the Chief Court in view to the law being amended on the lines of section 310 (*a*) of the British Code.

Subject No. 63. Notice of attachment of lands by Civil Courts to be given to the Registration office.

Summary of discussion.—In cases where lands are attached by Civil Courts, notice of such attachment may be sent to the Registration Office at the cost of the parties. This is for the protection of *bonâ fide* purchasers, &c., who sometimes buy in ignorance of an attachment made sometime previously but not removed.

Reply of Government.—The Chief Court and the Inspector General of Registration will be consulted.

Subject No. 64. Taluk Sheristadars to be authorized to try Civil Cases within a limit of Rs. 50.

Summary of discussion.—Taluk Sheristadars may be authorized to try Civil cases within a limit of Rs. 50, as it would conduce to the convenience of the parties concerned who otherwise, would have to go about 40 or 50 miles to file their suits in Civil Courts.

Reply of Government.—Government deem it inexpedient to do so.

LEGISLATIVE.

Subject No. 65. Introduction of the Gambling Act.

Summary of discussion.—The Gambling Act may be introduced into Municipal Towns.

Reply of Government.—The Draft Police Regulation provides for this, and its disposal will be expedited.

Subject No. 66.
Introduction of a uniform system of weights and measures.

Summary of discussion.—Early orders are requested on the subject of the introduction of uniform weights and measures.

Reply of Government.—Under consideration.

Subject No. 67.
Amendment to Village Sanitation Regulation.

Summary of discussion.—To put a stop to nuisances committed near stand pipes, the words "Public Stand Pipes" may be inserted in Rules 2 and 5 of Section IV of the Rules under the Village Sanitation Regulation, 1898, and the penalties therein provided may be applied to such nuisances.

Reply of Government.—The present Rules are sufficient.

Subject No. 68.
Examination of accounts of Banks and Companies by District and Sub-Division Magistrates.

Summary of discussion.—Rules may be framed under the Indian Companies Act, empowering District and Sub-Division Magistrates to enter without notice the office of any Bank or Company registered under the said Act and to examine its accounts and balances.

Reply of Government.—The introduction of such a provision in the Rules seems hardly expedient.

Subject No. 69.
Bye-laws for Minor Municipalities.

Summary of discussion.—Bye-laws may be framed for minor municipalities.

Reply of Government.—The Village Sanitation Regulation and the rules passed thereunder apply to all Municipalities not governed by a separate Regulation and will suffice for the present till a separate Municipal Regulation is passed.

Subject No. 70.
Amendment of the Infant Marriage Prevention Regulation.

Summary of discussion.—In order to avoid the consequences of a breach of the Infant Marriage Prevention Regulation, some subjects of the Mysore State get their children married outside Mysore limits and then return to the country. The Regulation may be amended so as to bring such offenders within its provisions.

Reply of Government.—Noted.

Subject No. 71.
Recovery of property attached by a Civil Court and given over to the charge of ety.

Summary of discussion.—If a surety entrusted with property attached by a Civil Court fails to produce the same, there is no provision of law under which he can be proceeded against summarily; and the decree-holder is compelled to bring a fresh suit against him. It is therefore prayed that such surety be made amenable to the Criminal law, or the value of the property be recovered by seizure of the moveable property or the person of such surety.

Messrs. Mysore Venkataramaiya, Pleader and Cheelangi Huleppa, Chitaldrug taluk, said that some rule should be laid down for enforcing production of such property, similar to the rules in force for the execution of decrees, without being obliged to have recourse to a regular suit.

Reply of Government.—Referred to the Chief Court.